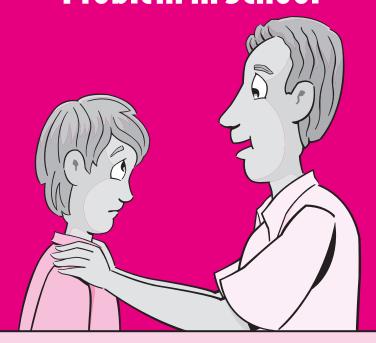
What to Do If Your Child is Having a Problem in School



5 ooner or later, almost every child will face a problem in school. Perhaps it's a subject or skill he can't seem to master. Maybe it's a behavior issue. It could be homework or trouble getting along with a teacher. It might be a problem with other students.

Luckily, most difficulties are easily resolved when parents and schools work together. It's important to act quickly, before the problem gets out of hand. Here's help if you ever wonder, "How am I ever going to solve this problem?"





WHAT CAN YOU DO IF:



Your child is having problems in a certain subject?

First, talk with your child, then your child's teacher. Perhaps changing a reading group or testing for a learning problem is what's needed. Your child's teacher may have suggestions and can help you make a plan of action.

Your child is not behaving in the classroom?

Talk with your child first. Also, talk with your child's teachers and, perhaps, your school principal. They want to help. Their insights about what is happening, combined with what you know about the problem,



will be useful in planning what to do. Action is usually needed both at school and at home.

Your child doesn't like one of her teachers?



Acknowledge your child's feelings. You might say, "It's okay not to like every teacher. But sometimes we have to learn to work with people we don't like." Find out as much as you can about why your child doesn't like her teacher. Listen carefully

and remember there are two sides to every problem. Don't necessarily believe everything your child says.

Ask for a meeting with the teacher. Be open and honest. Often, you can solve the problem just by talking about it. Be supportive of your child—but let the teacher know you want to work together to find a solution. If the meeting with the teacher doesn't help resolve the issue, ask to talk with the principal and the teacher together.

Your child is not getting along with another student?

Talk with your child first. Ask your child to tell you about some specific times when she had a problem with the student. Then contact her teacher. Share your concerns and tell the teacher about your conversation with your child. Ask what the teacher has observed in the classroom and how you can work together to help your child.

Use a step-by-step approach

Your child may face a wide variety of problems at school. Following three simple steps may help to solve most of them:

1. Talk calmly with your child. Ask questions and listen quietly. Often the solution will become clear just by talking about it.



- 2. Talk with your child's teacher.
 Include your child in the discussion if the teacher thinks that would help.
 Teachers see things from another point of view. Listen politely. Explain your views and ask your child to do the same. Don't be concerned with assigning blame; concentrate on finding a solution.
- 3. Talk with your school principal. If you, your child *and* the teacher cannot find a good solution, meet with your principal. The principal has lots of experience with student problems and can add yet another perspective. A calm, courteous discussion is almost sure to produce a solution that works for everyone. If not, the principal can advise you about next steps to consider.



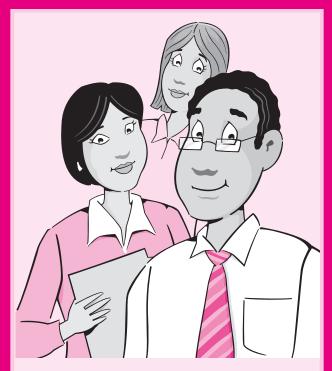
When is it time to contact the teacher?

5 ometimes parents ask if they should "bother" the teacher with a problem. They wonder, "Should I just keep quiet and hope for the best?"

Teachers say they want to know what's going on in their students' lives—and the earlier the better. Chances are if you've noticed a problem, your child's teachers have probably seen it, too.

With any problem, it's usually best to start by contacting your child's teacher. You should definitely contact the teacher when:

- You see a dramatic change in behavior. For example, your happy child suddenly becomes withdrawn.
- Your child's grades drop. Whether it's in one subject, or in all of them, a dramatic drop (more than one letter grade) indicates there's trouble.
- You suspect your child may be telling you things that aren't true. When, day after day, your child says there's no homework—but other parents say their kids have assignments—you want to get the real story.
- There's been a change in your family. A new marriage or a divorce, a serious illness, a move or the birth of a child can all affect school performance.



Remember, everyone's trying to help your child.

You want the very best for your child. Your school staff does, too. Sometimes, reasonable people who are all working toward the same goal will disagree. But clear, honest communication and a commitment to working together will almost always solve the problem. Together, you can work it out!



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